

Redland
CITY COUNCIL

PREVIOUSLY
CONFIDENTIAL
INFORMATION

Item 20.1

*Redland Investment Corporation Business Plan
and Budget 2023-2024*

and

Audited Financial Statements 2022-2023

GENERAL MEETING

Wednesday, 17 January 2024

Released 2 February 2024

20 CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS**20.1 REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET 2023-2024 AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2022-2023****Objective Reference:** A8032206**Authorising Officer:** Christopher Isles, General Manager Advocacy, Major Projects & Economic Development**Responsible Officer:** Daniel Harris, Group Manager Major Projects**Report Author:** Peter Kelley, Chief Executive Officer, Redland Investment Corporation**Attachments:**

1. **2023 Redland Investment Corporation Financial Statements - Signed**
[↓](#)
2. **Redland Investment Corporation 2023-2024 Business Plan and Budget** [↓](#)

The Council is satisfied that, pursuant to section 254J(3) of the *Local Government Regulation 2012*, the information to be received, discussed or considered in relation to this agenda item is:

(c) *the local government's budget*

(g) *negotiations relating to a commercial matter involving the local government for which a public discussion would be likely to prejudice the interests of the local government.*

PURPOSE

To present Redland Investment Corporation's (RIC's) Business Plan and budget 2023-2024 and Annual Financial Statements for 2022-2023 to Council as required by the Service Agreement between RIC and Redland City Council.

BACKGROUND

The *Local Government Regulation 2012*, section 213B requires that Redland City Council present a copy of the audited financial statements of RIC at the next available ordinary meeting and publish on the local government website within 14 days following the meeting.

Additionally, Clause 4.4 of the Service Agreement requires RIC to make available the Business Plan and budget to Council for noting only.

ISSUES

There are no issues associated with this report.

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS**Legislative Requirements**

Local Government Regulation 2012, section 213B.

Risk Management

There is no risk management associated with this report.

Financial

There are no financial implications associated with this report.

People

There are no staffing matters associated with this report.

Environmental

There are no environmental matters associated with this report.

Social

There are no social issues associated with this report.

Human Rights

There are no known human rights implications associated with this report.

Alignment with Council's Policy and Plans

This report has a relationship with the following items of Council's new Corporate Plan *Our Future Redlands – A Corporate Plan to 2026 and Beyond*.

City Leadership

Our city is enriched through a spirit of collaboration and respect across Council and the community which drives our shared community values and achieves outcomes for our people, place and prosperity.

- 1.1 Display quality leadership by our elected Council through transparent and accountable processes and effective communication that builds community trust.
- 1.2 Undertake meaningful community engagement to encourage diverse participation in local decision making.
- 1.3 Create and maintain strategic and innovative partnerships to drive better outcomes for our city.

Thriving economy

Our thriving economy recognises the benefit of our unique geography and is underpinned by enabling infrastructure, supportive policy and successful partnerships which maximise opportunity for growth in industry, job creation, innovation and investment.

- 6.1 Increase the city's productivity and economic growth through the delivery of infrastructure and well-planned vibrant, connected precincts and centres.

Efficient and Effective Organisation

Proudly deliver efficient, valued and sustainable services for the betterment of the community.

- 7.1 Improve the efficiency and effectiveness of Council's service delivery to decrease costs, and enhance customer experience and community outcomes.
- 7.2 Facilitate business transformation pathways for innovation, integration, and collaboration to meet the current and future needs of our city.
- 7.4 Demonstrate good governance through transparent, accountable processes and sustainable practices and asset management.

CONSULTATION

Consulted	Consultation Date	Comments/Actions
Board of Redland Investment Corporation	26 July 2023 Annual Financial Statements	Redland Investment Corporation Board endorsed the Annual Financial Statements at the Board meeting.
Board of Redland Investment Corporation	16 May 2023 Business Plan	Redland Investment Corporation Board endorsed the Business Plan with budgets at the Board meeting.

OPTIONS**Option One**

That Council resolves as follows:

1. To note the Business Plan and budget for period 2023-2024 and the Audited Financial Statements 2022-2023.
2. To maintain the attachments to the report as confidential including maintaining the confidentiality of legally privileged, private and commercial in confidence information. That the Annual Certified Financial Statements are published within 14 days as per the *Local Government Regulation 2012*, section 213B.

Option Two

That Council resolves to request further information prior to noting the report.

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That Council resolves as follows:

1. To note the Business Plan and budget for period 2023-2024 and the Audited Financial Statements 2022-2023.
2. To maintain the attachments to the report as confidential including maintaining the confidentiality of legally privileged, private and commercial in confidence information. That the Annual Certified Financial Statements are published within 14 days as per the *Local Government Regulation 2012*, section 213B.



Consolidated Financial Statements

For year ended

30 June 2023





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REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the Group being Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd (RIC) and its controlled entities, Redland Developments Pty Ltd (Redland Developments), Cleveland Plaza Pty Ltd (Cleveland Plaza) and RIC Toondah Pty Ltd (RIC Toondah) for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

Directors

The Directors of the Group during the 2022-23 financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Mr Philip Hennessy	Chairperson of RIC and RIC Toondah Boards
Mr Greg Kempton	Director of RIC and RIC Toondah
Mr Mitch Nielsen	Director of RIC and RIC Toondah
Mr Peter Kelley	Director of Cleveland Plaza and Redland Developments
Mrs Anca Butcher	Director of Cleveland Plaza and Redland Developments Company Secretary of all companies

Meeting of Directors

The number of meetings of the Board of Directors held during the reporting period, and the number of meetings attended by each Director were as follows:

	RIC		RIC Toondah	
	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible
Mr Philip Hennessy	7	7	5	5
Mr Greg Kempton	7	7	5	5
Mr Mitch Nielsen	7	7	5	5

There were no meetings held for Cleveland Plaza. There were no meetings held for Redland Developments.

In addition to the above, the Board also held two meetings during the year with the Councillors of Redland City Council (Council) which is the parent entity of the RIC Group.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of RIC during the financial year were to progress Council placemaking projects being the Capalaba Town Centre Revitalisation, Weinam Creek Priority Development Area (PDA) redevelopment and Toondah Harbour PDA redevelopment. RIC also conducted leasing activities for its investment properties on Bloomfield Street. During the year it acquired an additional investment property at 66 Bloomfield Street. RIC also conducts leasing activity for parking at Colburn Avenue.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Operating Results and Review of Operations for the Year

The consolidated result for the Group for the financial year was a profit of \$669,794 (2022: \$20,379 loss).

RIC made considerable headway in Council placemaking projects again this year, with all projects reaching significant milestones.

RIC and Council entered into a development agreement with Shayher Group for the revitalisation of the Capalaba Town Centre.

Furthermore, Toondah Harbour project also reached a milestone of having completed the public consultation period for the Environmental Impact Statement.

RIC, Council and Economic Development Queensland entered into a development agreement for Weinam Creek PDA for the delivery of significant infrastructure within 2-5 years. The masterplan for the Weinam Creek PDA was also approved in December 2021. The detailed design of the final and main stage is now complete, with roadwork construction for the first phase commencing during the year.

Significant Changes to State of Affairs

RIC Group expects to continue to operate on a going concern basis for the next 12 months.

Redland Developments has ceased operations and has been deregistered as a company.

Dividends

A dividend was declared and paid during the year by RIC to Council of \$450,000.

After Balance Date Events

A Land Transfer from Economic Development Queensland with an estimated value of \$10,750,000 is expected to occur in September 2023.

Insurance of Directors and Officers

During the financial year, insurance policies held under Council covered the directors and officers of the Group for Directors and Officers Liability insurance.

No claims were made during the financial year.

Environmental Regulation

The Group's operations have not been impacted by any significant environmental regulations under the law of the Commonwealth or State or Territory during this financial year.

Indemnifying of Directors and Officers

The RIC Group agrees to the maximum extent permitted by law to indemnify and keep indemnified the directors and officers against:

- a) All liabilities incurred by the Director as officers of the RIC Group; and
- b) All legal costs and other costs and expenses arising from proceedings or an investigation, incurred by the Directors as officers or as a consequence of having been officers of the Group.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Proceedings on Behalf of Company

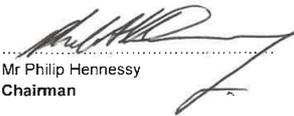
No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group or intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Group was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* and is set out on the next page.

This report is made with the resolution of the Directors and made pursuant to section 298(2) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Mr Philip Hennessy
Chairman

Dated this 21st day of September 2023

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

To the Directors of Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd

This auditor's independence declaration has been provided pursuant to s.307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Independence declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd and the entities it controlled during the period.

Jacques Coetzee

19 September 2023

Jacques Coetzee
as delegate of the Auditor-General

Queensland Audit Office
Brisbane



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	Consolidated		Parent	
		2023 \$	2022 \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
Total revenue and other income	2	2,296,600	4,149,986	1,531,427	1,474,634
Costs of goods sold		-	(2,722,996)	-	-
Employee benefits expense	3	(1,209,516)	(1,155,432)	(1,179,516)	(1,125,432)
Rental property administration costs		(216,367)	(147,300)	-	(14,715)
Admin & Corporate costs		(149,787)	(80,250)	(143,585)	(79,198)
Auditors' remuneration	16	(26,240)	(25,600)	(26,240)	(25,600)
Depreciation expense	9	(19,481)	(23,113)	(5,370)	(9,001)
Finance costs		(5,415)	(15,674)	(5,412)	(9,346)
Loss on wind-up of subsidiary		-	-	(97,272)	-
Total expenses		(1,626,806)	(4,170,365)	(1,467,395)	(1,263,292)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax		669,794	(20,379)	74,032	211,342
Income tax (expense)/benefit	1d	-	-	-	-
Profit/(Loss) after income tax		669,794	(20,379)	74,032	211,342
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		669,794	(20,379)	74,032	211,342

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and significant accounting policies.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2023

	Note	Consolidated		Parent	
		2023 \$	2022 \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,888,203	4,284,223	2,412,413	3,574,023
Trade and other receivables	5	3,153,358	3,736,517	5,136,497	3,901,443
Total Current Assets		6,041,561	8,020,740	7,548,910	7,475,466
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Investment property	7	6,353,290	4,172,965	-	36,300
Investment in subsidiary	8	-	-	4,408,239	4,888,191
Property, plant and equipment	9	383,382	402,863	17,003	22,373
Total Non-Current Assets		6,736,672	4,575,828	4,425,242	4,946,864
Total Assets		12,778,233	12,596,568	11,974,152	12,422,330
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade and other payables	10	351,921	414,445	217,251	313,856
Total Current Liabilities		351,921	414,445	217,251	313,856
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Provisions	13	144,354	119,959	144,354	119,959
Total Non-Current Liabilities		144,354	119,959	144,354	119,959
Total Liabilities		496,275	534,404	361,605	443,815
Net Assets		12,281,958	12,062,164	11,612,547	11,988,515
EQUITY					
Issued Capital		12,656,998	12,656,998	12,656,998	12,656,998
Retained earnings		(375,040)	(594,834)	(1,044,451)	(668,483)
Total Equity		12,281,958	12,062,164	11,612,547	11,988,515

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and significant accounting policies.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Consolidated	Contributed equity \$	Retained earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	12,656,998	(574,455)	12,082,543
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	(20,379)	(20,379)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(20,379)	(20,379)
Balance at 30 June 2022	12,656,998	(594,834)	12,062,164
Balance at 1 July 2022	12,656,998	(594,834)	12,062,164
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	669,794	669,794
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	669,794	669,794
Transactions with owners			
Dividend paid to Redland City Council	-	(450,000)	(450,000)
Balance at 30 June 2023	12,656,998	(375,040)	12,281,958
Parent			
Balance at 1 July 2021	12,656,998	(879,825)	11,777,173
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	211,342	211,342
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	211,342	211,342
Balance at 30 June 2022	12,656,998	(668,483)	11,988,515
Balance at 1 July 2022	12,656,998	(668,483)	11,988,515
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	74,032	74,032
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	74,032	74,032
Transactions with owners			
Dividend paid to Redland City Council	-	(450,000)	(450,000)
Balance at 30 June 2023	12,656,998	(1,044,451)	11,612,547

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and significant accounting policies.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	Consolidated		Parent	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers		1,862,050	3,896,871	1,462,072	696,081
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,033,240)	(1,692,826)	(792,257)	(1,371,285)
Interest received		78,225	32,492	76,843	32,492
Finance costs		(5,415)	(15,608)	(5,412)	(9,316)
Net cash generated by operating activities		901,620	(2,220,929)	741,246	(652,028)
Payments for investment property		(1,847,640)	(1,700,291)	-	(1,605,095)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,847,640)	(1,700,291)	-	(1,605,095)
Repayment from borrowings		-	(3,500,000)	-	-
Interest paid on borrowings		-	(13,255)	-	(30)
Dividends paid		(450,000)	-	(450,000)	-
Dividends received		-	-	-	500,000
Deposits from/(to) subsidiaries		-	-	(1,452,856)	(1,887,574)
Net cash generated in financing activities		(450,000)	(3,513,255)	(1,902,856)	1,387,604
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held		(1,396,020)	(2,992,617)	(1,161,610)	(3,644,727)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4,284,223	7,276,840	3,574,023	7,218,750
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF YEAR	4	2,888,203	4,284,223	2,412,413	3,574,023

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and significant accounting policies.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements and notes represent those of Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd (RIC) as the parent entity, and RIC and subsidiaries as a Group. RIC is a proprietary company registered under the *Corporations Act 2001*, established and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on by the Directors of the company.

Basis of Preparation and Compliance

The financial statements are general-purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. RIC is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of certain assets. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

a. New Accounting Standards Adopted by the Group

The Group applied all new and amended Australian Accounting Standards which became effective for annual reporting periods beginning on 1 July 2022. New standards relate to very specific circumstances and are not applicable to the Group. None of the standards had a material impact on the reported position, performance and cashflows.

b. New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Years

A number of new standards and interpretations are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2023 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Group has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements. AASB 2020-1 *Changes to classification of current / non-current liability* and AASB 2021-6 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies: Tier 2 and Other Australian Accounting Standards* will particularly be considered, and where relevant changes will be made, mainly in relation to disclosures. These are unlikely to change the reported position, performance or cashflows, however.

c. Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of RIC and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2023.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-Group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses, and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

c. Basis of Consolidation (continued)

Investment in a subsidiary is accounted for at cost in the financial statements of RIC. At 30 June 2023 RIC had two wholly owned controlled entities:

RIC Toondah Pty Ltd - ABN 51 609 517 348 (consolidated)

RIC has 100% ownership of RIC Toondah Pty Ltd (RIC Toondah), which is limited by shares. RIC Toondah is a party to the Toondah Harbour Joint Venture along with the Minister for Economic Development Queensland (MEDQ) and Redland City Council. RIC Toondah also administers the day-to-day management of the joint venture for the Toondah Harbour Priority Development Area. The project is pending a transfer of State land to MEDQ as well as an environmental assessment; as such, nominal financial transactions have occurred in the entity during the current financial year.

The transactions in this entity, though nominal, have been consolidated with RIC's financial result.

Cleveland Plaza Pty Ltd - ABN 67 620 724 558 (consolidated)

RIC has 100% ownership of Cleveland Plaza Pty Ltd (Cleveland Plaza) which is limited by shares. Cleveland Plaza was formed to manage the investment property at 48 Bloomfield Street, Cleveland.

RIC has added ownership of a second property, on 18 January 2023, at 66 Bloomfield Street to be managed by Cleveland Plaza.

The transactions in this entity are considered material and have been consolidated with RIC's financial result.

Redland Developments Pty Ltd - ABN 90 617 653 531 (consolidated)

RIC has 100% ownership of Redland Developments Pty Ltd which is limited by shares. Redland Developments was formed to develop and manage the Group's land developments. Redland Developments was de registered from ASIC on 24th May 2023.

The transactions in this entity are considered material and have been consolidated with RIC's financial result.

d. Income Taxation

No provision for income tax has been raised as the Group is exempt from income tax per section 11-5 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

e. Fair Value

The Group measures certain assets at fair value on either a recurring or a non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable Accounting Standards.

Fair value is the price the Group would receive to sell an asset in an orderly (i.e., unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

All assets for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the following fair value hierarchy, based on the data and assumption used in the most recent specific appraisals:

- Level 1 represents fair value measurements that reflect unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2 represents fair value measurements that are substantially derived from inputs (other than quoted prices within level 1) that are observable, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 represents fair value measurements that are substantially derived from unobservable inputs.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

e. Fair Value (continued)

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability.

The fair value of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from the principal market for the asset (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset, after considering transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also considers a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group values its two investment properties under the fair value principle (refer Note 1).

f. Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment including buildings and computer hardware are measured on the cost basis and therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount with the loss recognised in profit or loss. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

The cost of fixed assets constructed includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

g. Depreciation

The depreciable amount of fixed assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis or diminishing value basis over the asset's useful life to the Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss. The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

<i>Class of Fixed Asset</i>	<i>Depreciation Rate</i>	<i>Depreciation Method</i>
Plant and equipment	13% - 25%	Straight Line
Buildings	4%	Straight Line

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the item is derecognised.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
ABN 68 603 164 503

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

h. Investment Property

Investment property is property held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are measured initially at cost including transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value under the fair value model (refer Note 1e).

RIC group obtains independent valuations from qualified valuers with relevant experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued, at least every three years. The last independent valuation of investment property earning rental income was undertaken as at 30 June 2023 using the income capitalisation approach as the primary method. This was supported by concurrent sales comparisons of similar properties by the valuers, before arriving at a market value assessment.

At each year end, any gains or losses arising from the changes in fair values of investment property are recognised in the profit or loss for the year in which they arise.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal. Transfers are made to, or from, investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending or commencement of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or commencement of development with a view to sale.

i. Leases (the Group as lessee)

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains, or is, a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability are recognised by the Group where the Group is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. For the purposes of leasing, the low-value threshold is \$10,000.

Initially, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset, or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group anticipates exercising a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

j. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

RIC Group financial instruments are classified as follows.

Financial Assets

Cash and cash equivalents (refer Notes 1m and 4)

Trade and other receivables (refer Notes 1o and 5)

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with *AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable). For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets which include trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits are measured at amortised cost.



REDLAND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PTY LTD
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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

j. Financial Instruments (continued)

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

Financial Liabilities

Trade and other payables (refer Notes 1q and 10)

Borrowings (refer Notes 12 and 14)

Non-derivative financial liabilities other than financial guarantees are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method where relevant.

Impairment

AASB 9 impairment requirements use forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit losses (ECL) model'.

The Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include: indications that the debtors or group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the written-off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance account.

k. Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting year in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled. The Group's obligation for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees.

Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

obligation. Upon the re-measurement of obligations for other long-term employee benefits, the net change in the obligation is recognised in profit or loss as a part of employee benefits expense.

The Group's obligation for long-term employee benefits is presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

l. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result, and that outflow can be reliably measured.

m. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are within short-term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

n. Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after considering any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. Any consideration deferred is treated as the provision of finance and is discounted at a rate of interest that is generally accepted in the market for similar arrangements. The difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount ultimately received is interest revenue. The Group recognises revenue to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the performance obligations are met regardless of when the payment is received.

Revenue from the sale of property is recognised at a point in time based on enforceability of a contract and the specificity of performance obligations. An enforceable right to payment arises once legal title has passed to the customer.

Revenue from consulting services is recognised over time based on the performance obligations of each contract. This is because the asset created does not have an alternative use for the Group and the contracts have an enforceable right to payment for the time and effort spent by the Group on progressing the performance obligation.

Where revenue is received in advance, it is shown as deferred revenue on the Statement of Financial Position.

Where consulting service contracts are based on an as needs basis, revenue is recognised based on labour hours expended each month to manage the requirements of the contract. Revenue is recognised once the deliverable of the specific customer request has been completed.

Rental income from operating leases over commercial investment property is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Rent not received at balance date is reflected in the balance sheet as a receivable, or if paid in advance as deferred revenue.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method applied to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

All revenue is recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax.

o. Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from customers for goods sold and services performed



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 1j for further discussions on determination of impairment losses. All known bad debts were written-off or provided for at 30 June 2023 where relevant.

p. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses, and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of net cash flows arising from investing or financing activities, which are recoverable from or payable to the ATO, are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers.

q. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the Group that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

r. Dividends Payable

Dividends payable are recognised when the dividend is appropriately authorised and is no longer at the discretion of the company.

s. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires the determination and use of certain critical accounting estimates and management assumptions that have potential to cause a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the financial year. Such estimates, judgements and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is reviewed and in the future periods as relevant. Judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a potential significant effect are outlined in the following notes:

- Fair value of investment properties (refer Notes 1e and 1h)
- Revenue and other income (refer Notes 1n and 2).



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Note 2 Total Revenue and Other Income

	2023	Consolidated		Parent	
		2022	2023	2022	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales revenue	-	2,815,328	-	-	-
Fair value adjustment on investment property	368,985	1,300	-	1,300	-
Project management fees	1,402,000	895,000	1,402,000	895,000	-
Commercial rent	396,188	328,415	-	-	-
Parking fees	85,095	79,198	85,095	79,198	-
Profit / (loss) from disposal of fixed assets	(36,300)	-	(36,300)	-	-
Profit / (loss) from disposal of investment property	-	(33,543)	-	(33,543)	-
Dividend from subsidiary	-	-	-	500,000	-
Interest revenue	81,068	32,607	81,068	32,607	-
Other recoveries	(436)	31,681	(436)	72	-
Total revenue and other income	2,296,600	4,149,986	1,531,427	1,474,634	

Note 3 Employee Benefits Expense

Staff wages and salaries	967,946	916,613	967,946	916,613
Superannuation	99,308	90,419	99,308	90,419
Directors fees	142,262	148,400	112,262	118,400
Total employee benefits expense	1,209,516	1,155,432	1,179,516	1,125,432

Note 4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash at bank	1,603,513	866,135	1,127,723	155,935
QTC Cash Management Fund	1,284,690	3,418,088	1,284,690	3,418,088
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,888,203	4,284,223	2,412,413	3,574,023

Note 5 Trade and Other Receivables

CURRENT				
Trade receivables				
- Receivable from Redland City Council	210,865	840,598	210,865	840,598
- Commercial rent and car parking	-	9,838	-	-
- Receivable from subsidiary	-	-	2,032,511	196,974
- Receivable from other customers	2,898,409	2,874,071	2,848,575	2,850,000
- Less: provision for expected credit losses	(394)	(394)	-	-
- Net GST receivable	40,253	7,349	40,321	8,816
Interest receivable	4,225	1,382	4,225	1,382
Other receivables	-	3,673	-	3,673
Closing balance as at 30 June	3,153,358	3,736,517	5,136,497	3,901,443



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Note 6 Inventory

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance as at 1 July	-	2,464,478	-	-
Acquisitions and related costs	-	174,314	-	-
Transfer to Investment property	-	-	-	-
Transfer to subsidiary	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Redland City Council	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	(2,638,792)	-	-
Closing balance as at 30 June	-	-	-	-

Note 7 Investment property

Opening balance as at 1 July	4,172,965	6,894,917	36,300	2,853,448
Acquisitions and subsequent expenditure on investment property	1,847,640	160,291	-	65,095
Transfer to/(from) other asset class	-	-	-	-
Net gain from fair value adjustments to investment property	368,985	1,300	-	1,300
Disposals	(36,300)	(2,883,543)	(36,300)	(2,883,543)
Closing balance as at 30 June	6,353,290	4,172,965	-	36,300

Note 8 Investment in Subsidiary

Investment in Cleveland Plaza Pty Ltd	-	-	4,408,239	4,408,239
Investment in Redland Developments Pty Ltd	-	-	-	479,952
Total investment in subsidiary	-	-	4,408,239	4,888,191



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Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2023

Note 9 Property, Plant and Equipment

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	2023		2023		2022		2022	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Consolidated								
Plant and Equipment	22,373	292,865	87,625	402,863	31,376	306,975	87,625	
Carrying amount as at 1 July	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- minor asset written off	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Depreciation	(5,370)	(14,111)	-	(19,481)	(9,003)	(14,110)	-	
Carrying amount as at 30 June	17,003	278,754	87,625	383,382	22,373	292,865	87,625	
Parent								
Plant and Equipment	22,373	-	-	22,373	31,374	-	31,374	
Carrying amount as at 1 July	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- minor asset written off	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Depreciation	(5,370)	-	-	(5,370)	(9,001)	-	(9,001)	
Carrying amount as at 30 June	17,003	-	-	17,003	22,373	-	22,373	

The Group has one multi-function device under lease which is a low value asset and therefore does not give rise to a right-of-use asset.



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Note 10 Trade and Other Payables

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
CURRENT	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade payables				
- Payables to external parties	289,040	366,036	154,370	265,447
Annual Leave	62,881	48,409	62,881	48,409
Total trade and other payables	351,921	414,445	217,251	313,856

Note 11 Dividends

Dividend paid to Redland City Council	450,000	-	450,000	-
Dividend from Subsidiary	-	-	-	500,000
Total Dividends paid/received	450,000	-	450,000	500,000

Note 12 Borrowings

RIC holds a Line of Credit facility with CBA for \$2.1 million which is secured over Cleveland Plaza at 48 Bloomfield Street, Cleveland. None of this facility was drawn down at 30 June 2023. It is intended to be used by RIC in progressing the Council projects where ready cashflow is not available.

Note 13 Provisions

CURRENT				
Long service leave		-	-	-
NON-CURRENT				
Long service leave	144,354	119,959	144,354	119,959
Total provisions at 30 June	144,354	119,959	144,354	119,959

The current portion of the long service leave provision is nil as no employees have completed the required period of service for the long service leave liability to have become vested.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested due to employees having not yet completed the required vesting period of service. In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based upon historic data from Council's employment history. The measurement and recognition criteria for employee benefits have been discussed in Note 1k.



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Note 13 Provisions (continued)

Movements in provisions were as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<u>Long service leave</u>				
Opening balance at 1 July	119,959	103,333	119,959	103,333
Long service leave entitlement raised	24,395	16,626	24,395	16,626
Closing balance at 30 June	144,354	119,959	144,354	119,959

Note 14 Financial Risk Management

RIC's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with a bank and Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC), trade receivables, trade payables and borrowings. The QTC cash fund investment is capital guaranteed.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows.

	Note				
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,888,203	4,284,223	2,412,413	3,574,023
Trade and other receivables	5	3,153,358	3,736,517	5,136,497	3,901,443
Total financial assets		6,041,561	8,020,740	7,548,910	7,475,466
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	10	351,921	414,445	217,251	313,856
Total financial liabilities		351,921	414,445	217,251	313,856

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is managed by depositing funds in at-call deposit accounts that can be diversified easily depending on returns. Credit risk on receivables is managed by close monitoring of debt based on an ageing analysis. Borrowings are on interest only terms and are managed using rolling cash flow forecasts.



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Note 15 Related Party Disclosures

Entities exercising control over the Group

The ultimate parent entity which exercises control over Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd is Redland City Council.

Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of Redland City Council.

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the RIC group, being members of the Boards and the Chief Executive Officer. The key management personnel during the year were as follows:

Mr Philip Hennessy	Chairperson of RIC and RIC Toondah Boards
Mr Greg Kempton	Director of RIC and RIC Toondah
Mr Mitch Nielsen	Director of RIC and RIC Toondah
Mr Peter Kelley	Director of Cleveland Plaza and Redland Developments Chief Executive Officer
Mrs Anca Butcher	Director of Cleveland Plaza and Redland Developments Company Secretary of all companies General Counsel

The total remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Group are as follows. This includes remuneration accrued or prepaid at year end:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Key management personnel compensation – short term benefits (Paid)	622,381	620,937
Key management personnel compensation – short term benefits (Accrued)	12,686	(5,844)
Key management personnel superannuation (Paid)	59,178	58,914
Key management personnel superannuation (Accrued)	-	(216)
Key management personnel long service leave (Accrued)	18,396	10,908



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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Related party transactions

- a. Transactions between Redland City Council and the Group are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Purchase of goods and services from Council	-	(162,555)
Payment of dividend to Council	(450,000)	-
Repayment of loan to Council	-	(3,500,000)
Interest paid on loan from Council	-	(13,075)
Goods and services cost recovery from Council	1,872,276	1,157,732
Professional services provided to Council	1,402,000	895,000

The receivables and payables from Council are provided at Notes 5 and 10.

- b. Transactions between Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd with its subsidiaries are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Dividend received from subsidiary	-	500,000
Receivable from subsidiaries	2,032,511	196,974

Note 16 Remuneration of Auditors

<i>Auditor-General of Queensland</i>		
Audit of financial statements	26,240	25,600

Note 17 Events after the Reporting Date

There is an anticipated settlement of land from Economic Development Queensland (EDQ) to Redland Investment Corporation that has a value estimated by EDQ of \$10,750,000 in the financial year 2023-24.

Note 18 Capital and Leasing Commitments

RIC has an ongoing lease in relation to one photocopier which is a low value asset and therefore is not recognised as a right-of-use asset under *AASB 16 Leases* but is expensed instead.

Note 19 Contingent Assets and Liabilities

The Group had no contingent assets or contingent liabilities at 30 June 2023.

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Directors' Declaration

For the year ended 30 June 2023

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd, the Directors declare that:

- a. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 7 to 24:
 - i. comply with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements; and
 - ii. give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company and consolidated entity at 30 June 2023 and their financial performance for the year that ended on that date.
- b. In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.


.....
Mr Philip Hennessy
Chairman

Dated this 21st day of September 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial report of Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd (the parent) and its controlled entities (the group).

In my opinion, the financial report:

- a) gives a true and fair view of the parent's and group's financial position as at 30 June 2023, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended
- b) complies with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures.

The financial report comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements including material accounting policy information, and the directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report.

I am independent of the parent and group in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and the *Auditor-General Auditing Standards*. I am also independent of the parent and group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, and confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

Other information comprises financial and non-financial information included in the Redland Investment Corporation Pty Ltd directors' report.

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the company for the financial report

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the company's directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The company's directors are also responsible for assessing the parent's and group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the parent or group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the parent's and group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of material accounting policy information used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the group.

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of the parent's and group's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the parent's or group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. I base my conclusions on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the parent or group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the financial report. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the group. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with the company's directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Jacques Coetzee

27 September 2023

Jacques Coetzee
as delegate of the Auditor-General

Queensland Audit Office
Brisbane

Pages 32 through 46 redacted
